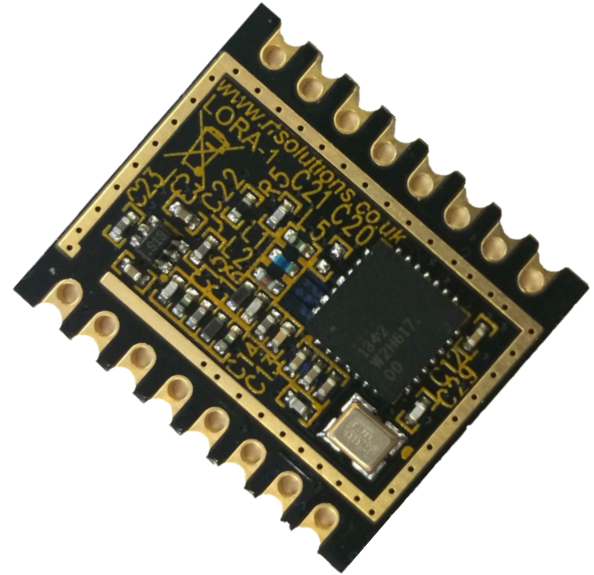


LongRange Transceiver

Features

- Upto 16KM Range
- Integrated LoRa™ Modem Semtech SX1272
- Highly Efficient Inetgral Impedance Matching Network
- Provides Full Functionality of the RFIC:
- 157 dB maximum link budget
- +20 dBm at 100 mW constant RF output vs. V supply
- +14 dBm high efficiency PA
- Built in RF switch
- High sensitivity: down to -130 dBm
- Bullet-proof front end: IIP3 = -12.5 dBm
- 89 dB blocking immunity
- Small Form Factor: 23mm x 20mm
- Programmable bit rate up to 300 kbps
- Low RX current of 10 mA, 100nA register retention
- FSK, GFSK, MSK, GMSK, LoRa™ and OOK modulation
- Built-in bit synchronizer for clock recovery
- Preamble detection
- 127 dB Dynamic Range RSSI
- Automatic RF Sense and CAD with ultra-fast AFC
- Packet engine up to 256 bytes with CRC
- Built-in temperature sensor and low battery indicator



Applications

- Home Automation
- RF Alarms
- Sensor networks
- Telemetry
- Meter Reading
- Irrigation Systems
- General Purpose Wireless Applications

Introduction

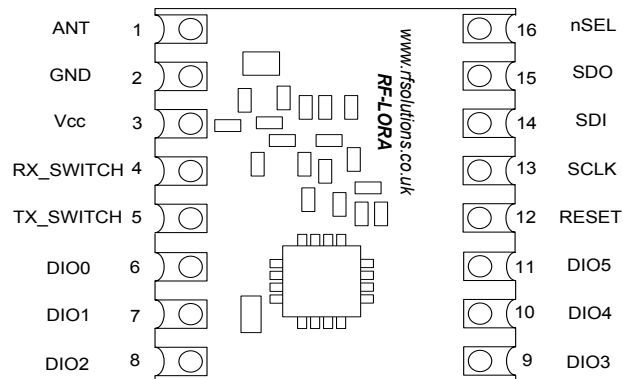
The RF-Lora module is an extremely high performance, cost effective plug and play radio module featuring the Semtech SX1272 LoRa™ long range providing ultra-long range spread spectrum communication and high interference immunity within minimal current consumption.

The RF-LORA module is a complete design enabling a Plug and Play Modular design. All circuitry, crystal, RF Changeover Switch impedance matching network and track layout to provide a simple digital interface and direct antenna connection, enabling a plug in RF solution with maximum efficiency. Programming of the module is via SPI interface

Using the RF-Lora enables a fast and easy time to market solution with cost effective License exempt hardware.

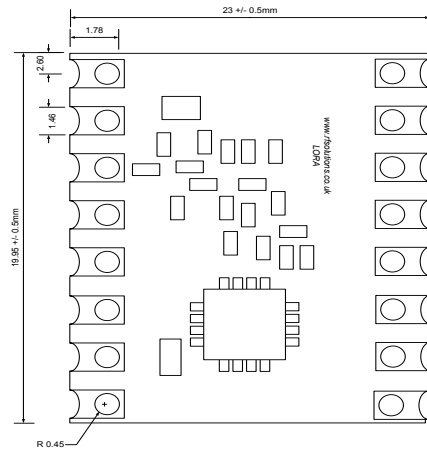
The RF-LORA Module is CE compliant and FCC approved (pending) meaning that this module can be used in a final application without further FCC approval or testing on condition that certain procedures are followed (please see later in this datasheet).

Pin Description

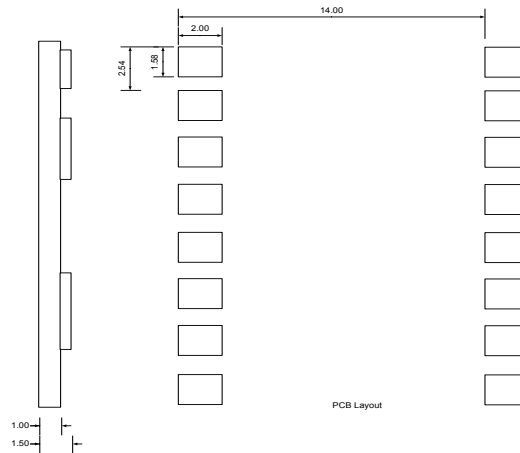


| PIN | Definition | Direction | Function |
|-----|-----------------|-----------|--|
| 1 | Antenna | In/Out | Antenna pin connection. Keep short (50ohms Impedance) |
| 2 | GND | - | Ground connection |
| 3 | Vcc | In | Power connection |
| 4 | RX_SWITCH | | |
| 5 | TX_SWITCH | | |
| 6 | DIO0 | In/Out | Digital I/O software configured |
| 7 | DIO1 | In/Out | Digital I/O software configured |
| 8 | DIO2 | In/Out | Digital I/O software configured |
| 9 | DIO3 | In/Out | Serial Interface Select Input (0 – VDD V): Provides select/enable function for 4-line serial data bus. |
| 10 | DIO4 | In/Out | Digital I/O software configured |
| 11 | DIO5 | In/Out | Digital I/O software configured |
| 12 | RESET | In | Reset Trigger Input |
| 13 | Serial Clock | In | SPI Serial Clock Input |
| 14 | Serial Data In | In | SPI Serial Data Input |
| 15 | Serial Data Out | Out | SPI Serial Data Output |
| 16 | nSEL | | |

Mechanical Dimensions



Suggested Layout



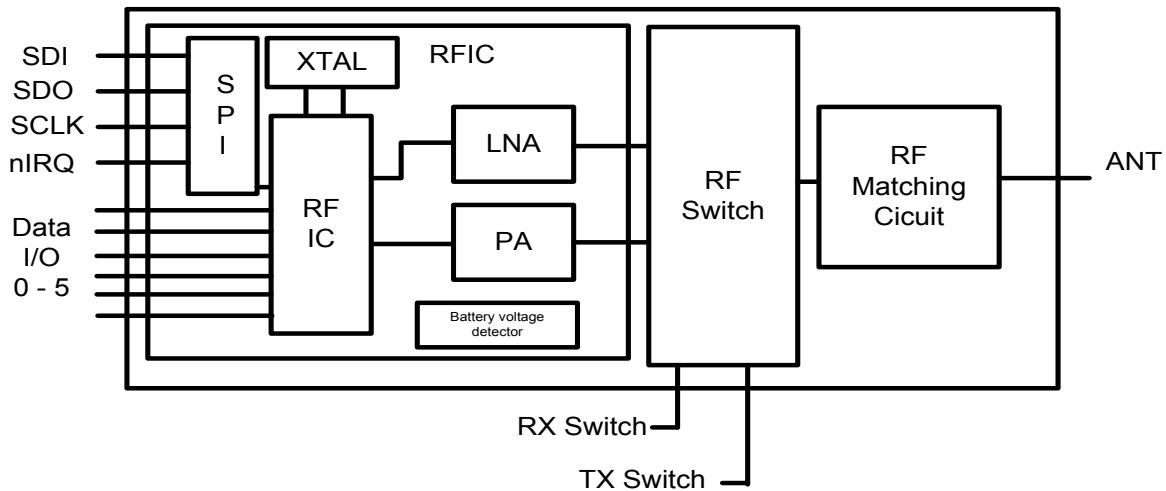
DIP Version

The RF-LORA is a SMT package RF Module however may be converted to DIP package by soldering two 9 way IDC pin Headers along each edge

Part Numbers

| Part Number | Description |
|----------------|--|
| RF-LORA-868-S0 | FM Transceiver Module, pre set to 868MHz |
| RF-LORA-915-S0 | FM Transceiver Module, pre set to 915MHz |

Block Diagram



Application Resources

The RF-LORA is a ready to use application of the Semtech SX1272. Access to the programming and configuration of Semtech 1272 Transceiver are via the module interface SPI line.

The RF-LORA has been developed with Semtech to provide a low cost platform application of the 1272 transceiver providing optimal design realisation and easy integration within the end application.

The most important aspect of any RF Module is to maximise the performance of the transceiver at the external module pads.

In particular the impedance matching network which is the most sensitive section of the RF module design.

In order to maximise signal propagation to the external pin of the module requires a specific layout which is not (usually) the smallest physical size (beware of small RF modules!).

Many RF Module manufacturers simply reproduce the IC manufacturers data characteristics where in practice the Module RF performance is considerably lower.

In order to provide the most upto date setup the configuration there is little point in this document duplicating the Semtech 1272 programming and setup guide.

Programming, configuration and further resource data is available from: Semtech at:

[SX1272 Datasheet](#)

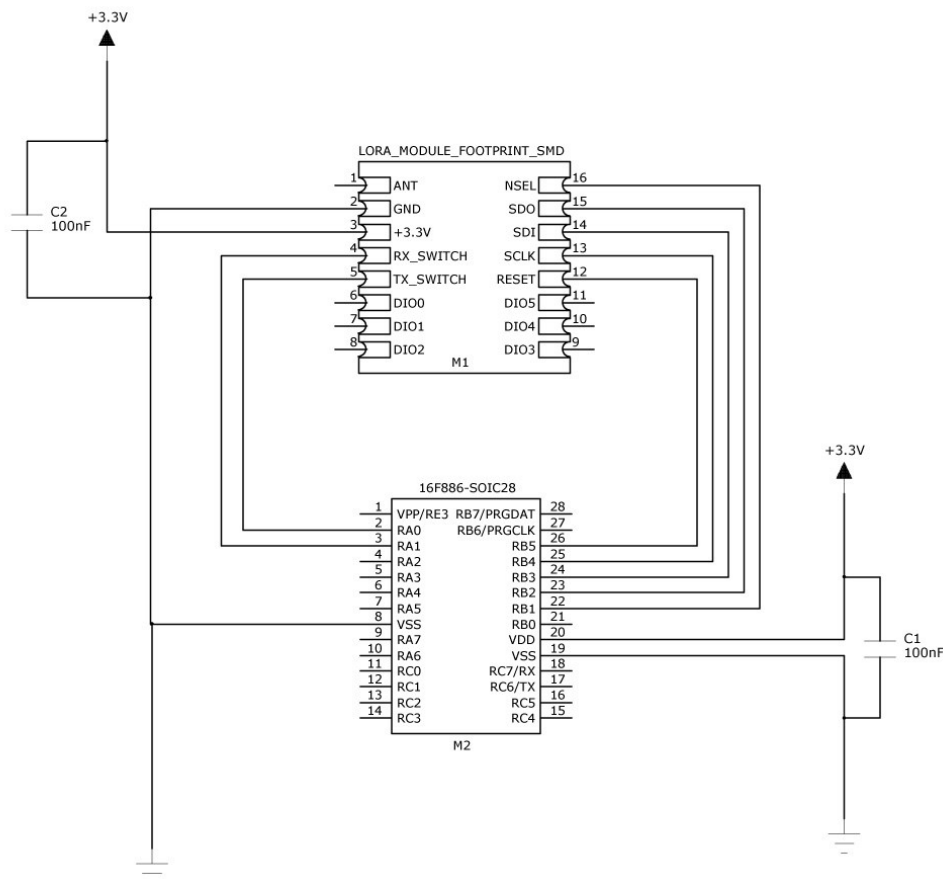
[LoRa Calculator: fast evaluation of link budget, time on air and energy consumption](#)

<http://www.semtech.com/images/datasheet/etsi-compliance-sx1272-lora-modem.pdf>

[Packet Error Rate Firmware User Guide](#)

[LoRa Modem Designer's Guide](#)

Application schematic Interfacing a PIC™ Micro Controller



The above schematic shows an easy interface to a PIC Microcontroller

This is the schematic we used in the range testing boards we built which is shown later in this datasheet.

We also have application source code available for download. This configures the RF Lora Module for maximum range.

Ping-Pong Walk Test application

Also available is the source code for our ping pong program used to range test.

In order to use this two application boards are required, one acts as a beacon transmitter, the other as the beacon receiver. Both Boards have a Green LED which is illuminated when transmitting, and a red LED which is illuminated when receiving.

The Transmitter board transmits an RF beacon every second. (Green LED flashes to indicate transmission)

When the receiver receives the beacon (Red LED Flashes) it immediately sends an acknowledge beacon back to the transmitter (Green LED flashes)

The Transmitter board then indicates reception of the acknowledgment by flashing its Red LED.

This enables a one man range test, by placing either board in a fixed location and monitoring the beacon signals

Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximums

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum | Unit |
|----------|----------------------------|---------|--------------|------|
| V_{dd} | Positive power supply | -0.3 | +3.9 | V |
| V_{in} | Voltage on Digital Inputs | -0.3 | $V_{dd}+0.3$ | V |
| V_{in} | Voltage on Analogue Inputs | -0.3 | $V_{dd}+0.3$ | V |
| RX | Max Rx input power | | +10 | dBm |
| T_{op} | Operating temperature | -40 | +85 | °C |
| T_{st} | Storage temperature | -55 | 115 | °C |

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Minimum | Maximum | Unit |
|----------|-----------------------|---------|---------|------|
| V_{dd} | Positive power supply | 2.2 | 3.7 | V |
| T_{op} | Working temperature | 0 | 55 | °C |

DC Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|----------------|---|-----|-----------------------|-----|------|
| Supply Voltage Range | V_{DD} | | 1.8 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| Power Saving Modes | $I_{Shutdown}$ | RC oscillator, main digital regulator, and low power digital regulator OFF. | – | 30 | – | nA |
| | $I_{Standby}$ | Register values maintained. | – | 50 | – | nA |
| | I_{Ready} | Crystal Oscillator and Main Digital Regulator ON, all other blocks OFF. | – | 2 | – | mA |
| | ISPI Active | SPI active state | | 1.35 | | mA |
| TUNE Mode Current | I_{Tune_RX} | RX Tune | – | 6.5 | – | mA |
| | I_{Tune_TX} | TX Tune | – | 6.9 | – | mA |
| RX Mode Current | I_{RX} | | – | 10 | – | mA |
| TX Mode Current | I_{TX} | RFOP = +20dBm on PA Boost RFOP = +17dBm on PA Boost RFOP = +13dBm on PA Boost RFOP = +7dBm on PA Boost | – | 125 90 28 18 | | mA |

Power Consumption FSK Modulation

The table below give power consumptions figure based on the following parameters

VBAT1 = VBAT2 = Vcc = 3.3V

Temp= 25degC

Fxosc=32MHz, Frf=915MHz, Pout= +13dBm.

2 level FSK modulation without pre-filtering, FDA=5KHz, Bit Rate=4.8kbps

| Symbol | Description | Conditions | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|-----|------|
| IDDSL | Supply Current Sleep Mode | | 0.1 | 1 | uA |
| IDDIDLE | Supply Current Idle Mode | RC Oscillator enabled | 1.5 | | uA |
| IDDST | Supply Current Standby Mode | XTAL Oscillator enabled | 1.4 | 1.6 | mA |
| IDDFS | Supply Current Synthesizer Mode | FSRx | 4.5 | | mA |
| IDDR | Supply Current Receive Mode | LnaBoost off LnaBoost on | 10.5 11.2 | | mA |
| IDDT | Supply Current Transmit Mode | RFOP=+20dBm on PA_BOOST RFOP=+20dBm on PA_BOOST RFOP=+20dBm on RFO pin RFOP=+20dBm on RFO pin | 125 90 28 18 | | mA |

Power Consumption LORA Modulation

The table below give power consumptions figure based on the following parameters

Vcc = 3.3V

Temp= 25degC

Fxosc=32MHz, Frf=915MHz,, Bandwidth = 125KHz, Spreading Factor = 12, Error Correction = 4/6

Packet Error Rate = 1% with CRC on Payload enabled

Pout= +13dBm.

Payload length = 10bytes, Preamble =12 symbols (programmed register Preamble length = 8)

| Symbol | Description | Conditions | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------|-----|------|
| IDDR_L | Supply current in receiver loRa Mode | LnaBoost off, BW=125KHz LnaBoost off, BW=250KHz LnaBoost off, BW=500KHz | 9.7 10.5 12 | | mA |
| | | LnaBoost on, BW=125KHz LnaBoost on, BW=250KHz LnaBoost on, BW=500KHz | 10.8 11.6 13 | | mA |
| IDDT_L | Supply Current Transmitter Mode | RFOP=13dBm RFOP=7dBm | 28 18 | | mA |
| IDDT_H_L | Supply Current Transmitter Mode | Using PA_BOOST pin RFOP=17dBm | 90 | | mA |

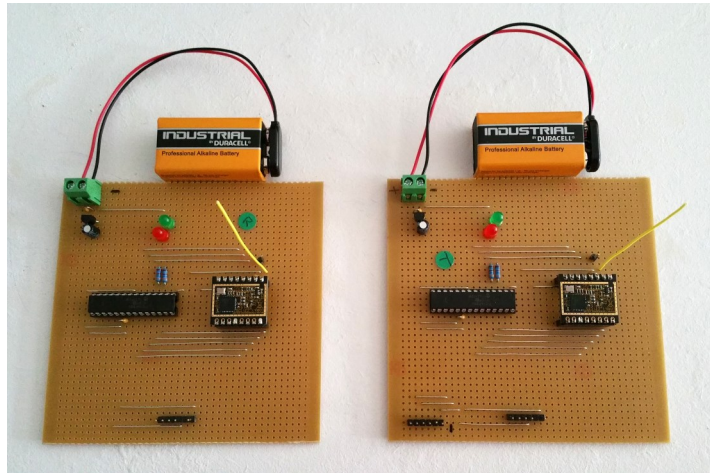
Range Test Notes

Transmitter and Receiver boards were built using simple Veroboard and a PIC microcontroller . The Transmitter sent a beacon signal at 1 second interval. The receiver acknowledged this signal back to the transmitter.

A simple piece of wire was used as antenna for both boards

This test was designed to represent a real life application, as it is often difficult to design any application with all RF features ideally suited to the RF!

i.e. the antenna was not 100% ideal, there was no antenna ground plane, the motherboard was rudimentary,



Our Range Testing was conducted on Brighton to Shoreham Seafront providing an open Line of Sight Test.

1. The Transmitter was placed Receiver was mounted on a plastic wheelie bin and the receiver was hand held at ~5ft from the ground .
2. The Receiver was carried on the dashboard of a car along the seafront. Line of sight was not achieved until the receiver was at least 9km distance
3. As the receiver travelled away from the transmitter Line of sight was lost . A Reliable signal was observed to about 3K range, thereafter the signal became intermittent. When the Transmitter and Receiver regained Line of sight a reliable signal was again observed. This continued for the available distance (about 12KM) at which point the terrain prevented further testing. At the longest available range the signal was 100% reliable.

Test conditions

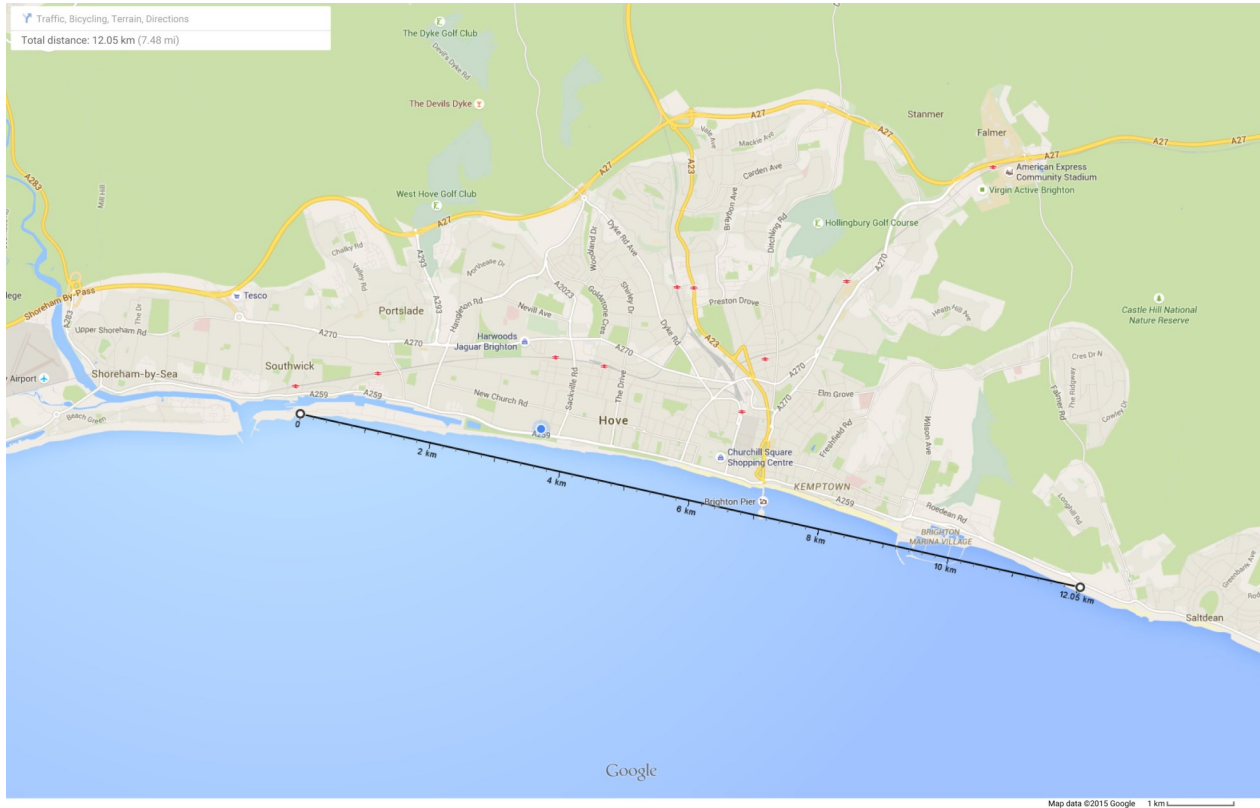
- $T_A = +25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{DD} = +3.3\text{ Vdc}$
- Dry, Broken Sunshine, Relative Humidity 45%
- RF input and output levels can typically be achieved at the antenna port after filtering components.

Conclusion

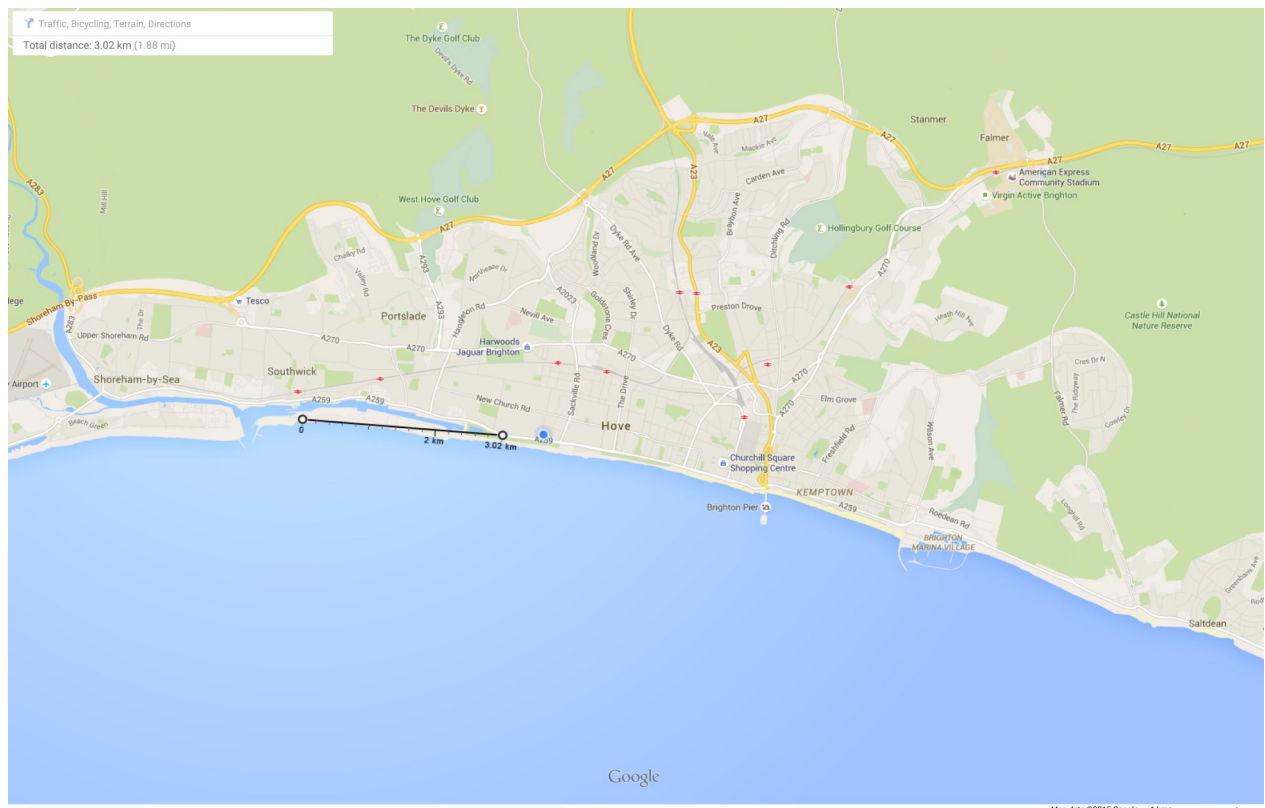
The product performed as expected. Unfortunately we ran out of land to test a LOS beyond 12Km ,so the maximum range is further than tested here.

It is also clear that the product performs considerably better when in LOS.

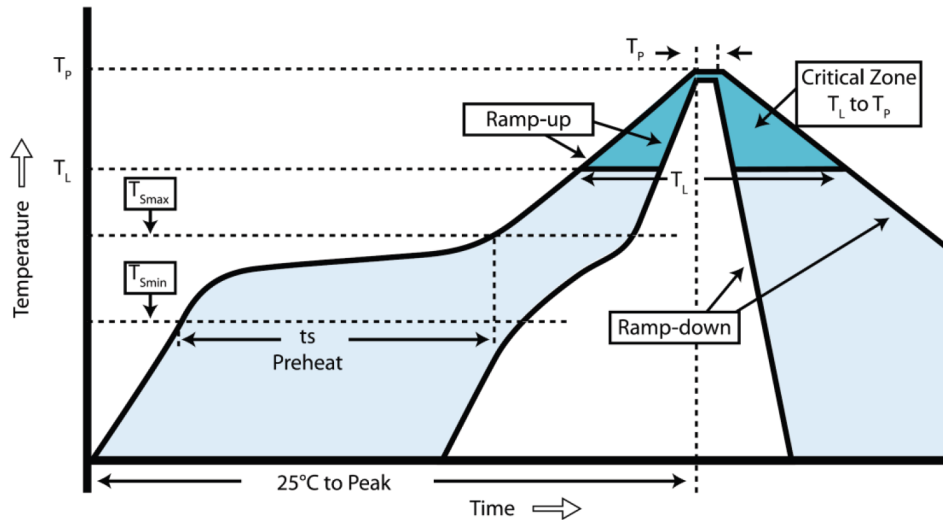
Range Test Results L.O.S, we ran out of land to extend further



Range Test Results N.L.O.S, This is subjective as the buildings were random!



RF LoRa module re-flow guide



| Profile feature | Value (lead free) |
|---|---------------------------|
| Ramp up rate | 3°C /s |
| Pre-heat temperature - Temperature Min (T_{smin}) - Temperature Max (T_{smax}) - Pre-heat time | 150°C 200°C 60-100s |
| Peak temperature (T_p) | 240°C |
| Time at T_p | 10-20sec |
| Ramp down rate | 6°C/s |
| Time from 25°C to peak | 8 mins max. |

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Meets the following EC Directives:

DO NOT

Discard with normal waste, please recycle.

ROHS Directive 2002/95/EC

Specifies certain limits for hazardous substances.



WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC

Waste electrical & electronic equipment must be disposed of through a licensed point. RF Solutions Ltd., fulfills its WEEE membership of an approved compliance



This product WEEE collection obligations by scheme.

Waste Batteries and Accumulators Directive 2006/66/EC

Where batteries are fitted, before recycling the product, the batteries must be removed and disposed of at a licensed collection point.

Environment Agency producer registration number:

WEE/JB0104WV.

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